•罗伟杰，英国约克大学经济学博士，英国剑桥大学访问学者，毕业后任职于中央财经大学经济学助理教授、副教授，2022年以高层次人才引进北京第二外国语学院工作，任经济学副教授、硕士生导师，成立并负责”数字经济研究中心"，先后入选"青年学术英才计划"和"院级统筹科研平台首席专家研究团队负责人"等人才计划。兼任澳门城市大学金融学院硕士生导师、北京市财政支出政策绩效评价特聘专家。
•主要研究领域为宏观经济、财政政策、企业经济、公司金融等。在Applied Economics、Economics Letters、International Review of Financial Analysis、Pacific-Basin Finance Journal、《经济管理》等知名SSCI和CSSCI期刊发表论文20余篇，其中1篇论文入选科睿唯安(Clarivate Analytics)基本科学指标(Essential Science Indicators)全球Top 1%高被引论文(Highly Cited Papers)。个人专著《Inequality, Demography and Fiscal Policy》发表于国际著名学术出版社Springer Nature。担任International Review of Financial Analysis、World Development等10余本学术期刊匿名审稿人、教育部学位中心通讯评议专家。多项研究被RES、EEA、ES、MMF等多个国际会议接收。研究成果获货币宏观与金融协会(Money Macro and Finance Society)最佳论文奖、2022中国社会科学院青年经济学优秀论文三等奖等学术奖励。主持国家自然科学基金项目1项，作为核心成员参与国家社科基金重点项目、财政部部省共建联合研究课题，参与撰写的资政报告获得财政部领导肯定。曾挂职服务于中国外文局，担任China Report ASEAN期刊编委会成员。曾多次受邀参加商务部主办的海外培训班援外教学，为发展中国家政府官员讲授基础设施建设与经济发展等课程。曾受聘英国约克大学经济学院硕士生导师、美国雪城大学客座讲师，讲授本科经济学核心课程(ECN101)。
Email：luoweijie@bisu.edu.cn

Books

- *Public-Private Partnership and Policy Uncertainty*. Springer Nature, In Press.
- *Inequality, Demography and Fiscal Policy*. Springer Nature, 2023.

Funding

- National Natural Science Foundation of China. The impact of public-private partnership policy uncertainty on the investment decisions of private enterprises: A study from the perspective of reverse mixed-ownership reform (政府与社会资本合作政策不确定性对民营企业投资决策的影响: 逆向混改视角下的研究). 2024-2026. Principal Investigator.

Main Research Papers

- Does the Porter hypothesis hold in China? Evidence from the "2+26" regional air pollution treatment (with Di Xiang and Xiaoming Zhang). *Environment and Development Economics*, 2024, vol. 29(4): 319-337. (JCR Q2)
- Demography and the composition of taxes: A political economy theory. *Policy Studies*, 2024, vol. 45(2): 223-240. (JCR Q2)
- Pollution consequences of vertical fiscal imbalance: Evidence from China (with Shiyu Zhou). *International Review of Economics and Finance*, 2024, vol. 92: 85-97. (JCR Q1)
- Tax composition and economic growth in the age of demographic change. *Policy Studies*, 2023, vol. 44(6): 786-805. (JCR Q2)
- How does COVID-19 affect corporate research and development? Evidence from China (with Qinqin Zhuang and Yupeng Li). *Emerging Markets Finance and Trade*, 2023, vol. 59(9): 3011-3023. (JCR Q1)
- Does specialization improve firm efficiency? Evidence from the vertical unbundling reform in the Chinese electricity industry (with Yong Wang and Shilin Zheng). *Applied Economics*, 2023, vol. 55(44): 5135-5156. (JCR Q2)
- Political turnover and innovation: Evidence from China (with Xiaoming Zhang and Di Xiang). *Journal of Chinese Political Science*, 2023, vol. 28(3): 401-425. (JCR Q1)
- Inequality and growth in the twenty-first century. *Scottish Journal of Political Economy*, 2022, vol. 69(4): 345-366. (ABS 2)
- Exploring local government financing strategies in China: A capital structure perspective (with Shikun Qin). *Public Performance & Management Review*, 2022, vol. 45(4): 970-997. (JCR Q2)
- Nonlinear effects of climate policy uncertainty and financial speculation on global prices of oil and gas (with Jiaqi Guo and Shaobo Long). *International Review of Financial Analysis*, 2022, vol. 83: article 102286. (ABS 3; JCR Q1; ESI全球Top 1%高被引)
- Monetary policy uncertainty and firm risk-taking (with Yong Wang and Xiaoge Zhang). *Pacific-Basin Finance Journal*, 2022, vol. 71: article 101695. (JCR Q1)
- China's local political turnover in the twenty-first century (with Shikun Qin). *Journal of Chinese Political Science*, 2021, vol. 26(4): 651-674. (JCR Q1)
- Top-down and bottom-up lockdown: Evidence from COVID-19 prevention and control in China (with Xiaoming Zhang and Jingci Zhu). *Journal of Chinese Political Science*, 2021, vol. 26(1): 189-211. (JCR Q1)
- Inequality and government debt: Evidence from OECD panel data. *Economics Letters*, 2020, vol. 186: article 108869. (ABS 3; JCR Q2)
- Demography and the composition of taxes: Evidence from international panel data. *Economics Letters*, 2019, vol. 183: article 108518. (ABS 3; JCR Q2)
- 庄芹芹, 林瑞星, 罗伟杰*. 宽容失败与企业创新——来自国有企业改革的证据. 经济管理, 2022(4): 23-44. [Frontiers of Business Research in China (selected publications from Chinese Universities)] (CSSCI; AMI权威)